**Name:**

**‘On the Scene’**

**Hidden Evidence (p. 28-37)**

1. In point form, list the steps taken in the initial examination of a crime scene:

2. What actions are taken during the investigation of a vehicle that is involved in a crime?

3. Identify and describe FOUR indicators used to determine a victim’s time of death:

4. What is a *cadaveric spasm* and how could it help solve a crime?

5. Explain and briefly describe TWO indicators used to determine a victim’s date of death:

6. Explain how different techniques are used when taking molds of footprints left in soil versus footprints left in the snow:

7. How are tool marks used to link a suspect to a crime scene?

8. List two situations where investigators may find teeth marks that might clear or convict a given suspect:

9. What is the purpose of a *density-gradient tube* and how can it assist forensic scientists?

10. In brief point form notes, list SIX sources of information air accident investigators use to help in determining the sequence of events leading to an airplane crash.

11. Read ‘the Kennedy Investigation’ (p. 44-45) and briefly explain why conspiracy theories continue even when the best science is used to explain how a crime was committed.